FEINGOLD, Mr. SCHUMER, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. DORGAN, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Ms. STABENOW, and Mrs. CLINTON) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 201

Whereas countless families in the United States have a family member living with prostate cancer;

Whereas in the United States, 1 man in 6 will be diagnosed with prostate cancer in his lifetime:

Whereas between 1993 and 2003, prostate cancer has been the most commonly diagnosed nonskin cancer and the second most common cancer killer of men in the United States:

Whereas the American Cancer Society estimates that in the United States, 220,900 men will be diagnosed with prostate cancer and 28,900 men will die of prostate cancer in 2003;

Whereas 30 percent of new cases of prostate cancer occur in men under the age of 65;

Whereas in the United States, as the population ages, the occurrence of prostate cancer will also increase;

Whereas African Americans suffer from a prostate cancer incidence rate that is up to 60-percent higher than White males and are more than twice as likely as White males to die of the disease;

Whereas in the United States, a man with 1 family member diagnosed with prostate cancer has double the risk of developing prostate cancer, a man with 2 such family members has 5 times the risk, and a man with 3 such family members has a 97-percent risk of developing the disease;

Whereas screening by both digital rectal examination (DRE) and prostate specific antigen blood test (PSA) can diagnose the disease in earlier and more treatable stages, thus reducing prostate cancer mortality;

Whereas developing research promises further improvements in prostate cancer prevention, early detection, and treatment; and

Whereas educating the people of the United States, including health care providers, about prostate cancer and early detection strategies is crucial to saving the lives of men and preserving and protecting families: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) designates the month of September 2003 as "National Prostate Cancer Awareness Month":
- (2) declares that the Federal Government has a responsibility—
- (A) to raise awareness about the importance of screening methods and the treatment of prostate cancer;
- (B) to increase research funding that is commensurate with the burden of the disease so that the causes of, and improved screening, treatments, and a cure for, prostate cancer may be discovered; and
- (C) to continue to consider ways for improving access to, and the quality of, health care services for detecting and treating prostate cancer; and
- (3) requests the President to issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States, interested groups, and affected persons to promote awareness of prostate cancer, to take an active role in the fight to end the devastating effects of prostate cancer on individuals, their families, and the economy, and to observe the month of September 2003 with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 61—AUTHORIZING AND REQUESTING THE PRESIDENT TO ISSUE A PROCLAMATION TO COMMEMORATE THE 200TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BIRTH OF CONSTANTINO BRUMIDI

Mr. LOTT submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. CON. RES. 61

Whereas Constantino Brumidi, born in Rome, Italy, on July 26, 1805, landed at New York Harbor on September 18, 1852, as a political exile, making his flight from Italy to the United States because of his love for liberty:

Whereas Constantino Brumidi's love for his adopted country led him to seek citizenship 2 years after his arrival;

Whereas in 1855, Constantino Brumidi began his artistic work in the Capitol, and spent more than 25 years of his life painting, decorating, and beautifying the corridors, committee rooms, and Rotunda of the Capitol:

Whereas Constantino Brumidi created many magnificent paintings and decorations, depicting the history, inventions, values, and ideals of the United States, thus enhancing the dignity and beauty of the Capitol and inspiring millions of visitors;

Whereas in 1865, Constantino Brumidi painted, in just 11 months, his masterpiece "The Apotheosis of Washington" in the canopy of the eye of the Capitol dome;

Whereas in 1871, Constantino Brumidi created the first tribute to an African-American in the Capitol when he placed the figure of Crispus Attucks at the center of his painting of the Boston Massacre:

Whereas in 1877, at the age of 72, Constantino Brumidi began his last work, the fresco frieze encircling the top of the Rotunda, and 3 years later fell from a slipped scaffolding and was never able to return to work:

Whereas Constantino Brumidi died as a result of this experience 3 months later in February 1880;

Whereas Constantino Brumidi has been called "the Michelangelo of the Capitol" by historians; and

Whereas the year 2005 marks the 200th anniversary of the birth of Constantino Brumidi, as well as the 150th anniversary of the beginning of his artistic career in the Capitol and the 125th anniversary of his death: Now, therefore, be it Resolved by the Senate (the House of Rep-

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation commemorating the 200th anniversary of the birth of Constantino Brumidi and calling upon the people of the United States, State and local governments, and interested organizations to commemorate this anniversary with appropriate ceremonies, activities, and programs.

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, Saturday, July 26, marks the 198th anniversary of the birth of Constantino Brumidi, the great artist who has been called the Michelangelo of the Capitol. When, in 2 years, the 200th anniversary of Brumidi's birth is at hand, I believe the President should issue a proclamation commemorating Brumidi's life. Today, I am introducing a resolution authorizing such a proclamation.

Constantino Brumidi was born in Rome in 1805 and immigrated to America in 1852. He began his artistic work

in the Capitol in 1855 and, for the next 25 years, he labored to produce some of the most bold and moving frescoes and murals the world has ever seen. His paintings and decorations depict the history, inventions, values and ideals of the United States immeasurably enhancing the dignity and beauty of the Capitol. He designed and decorated on House and Senate committee rooms in the Capitol, as well as the Senate Reception Room, the Office of the Vice President and the President's Room. In 1856, Brumidi began creating designs for Senate corridors based on a loggia by Raphael in the Vatican, carefully integrating American motifs into a classical framework.

He was very proud of becoming an American citizen and is reported to have said: "I no longer wish for fame and fortune. My one ambition and my daily prayer is that I may live long enough to make beautiful the Capitol of the one country on Earth in which there is liberty." He did not live long enough to finish his work; but he lived long enough to make the Capitol incredibly beautiful.

The man who labored a quarter century to make the Halls of Congress so magnificent deserves the recognition of the American people. Through this resolution, I believe we will provide appropriate recognition.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLU-TION 62—HONORING THE SERV-ICE AND SACRIFICE OF KOREAN WAR VETERANS

Mr. DASCHLE (for himself, Mr. HAGEL, and Mr. LEVIN) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

Whereas Sunday, July 27, 2003, marks the 50th anniversary of the armistice ending the Korean War;

Whereas nearly 1,800,000 members of the United States Armed Forces answered their Nation's call to duty and served in Korea during the Korean War;

Whereas, during the 3-year period of the Korean War, more than 36,500 Americans died and more than 100,000 were wounded in some of the bloodiest, most horrific fighting in the history of warfare;

Whereas the bloodshed and sacrifice of these soldiers made possible the development of a democratic, prosperous, and peaceful Republic of Korea;

Whereas our troops in Korea were at the forefront of a long and difficult struggle against Communism and oppression that ultimately brought freedom to millions of people around the world;

Whereas the Korean War accelerated the final desegregation of the United States Armed Forces and stands as a milestone along the road to racial equality; and

Whereas it has taken decades for the people of this Nation to understand and appreciate the significance of the Korean War and the lasting accomplishments of those who fought in the war, leaving these veterans without the recognition and respect they so rightfully deserve: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Congress—

(1) declares its appreciation for the significant and enduring accomplishments of our Nation's Korean War veterans; (2) remains committed to the ideals of freedom, peace, and democracy on the Korean Peninsula: and

(3) affirms its commitment to preserving the memory of those who made the ultimate sacrifice in the Korean War, and to educating future generations about the achievements of our Nation's Korean War heroes.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED & PROPOSED

SA 1387. Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Mr. Leahy) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, to enhance the energy security of the United States, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1388. Mr. BINGAMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1389. Mr. BINGAMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 1390. Mr. DOMENICI (for Mr. INHOFE) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14,

SA 1391. Mr. BINGAMAN (for Mr. DURBIN (for himself and Ms. COLLINS)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1392. Mr. BINGAMAN (for Mr. HARKIN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1393. Mr. BINGAMAN (for Mr. SCHUMER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

ŚA 1394. Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Mr. DOMENICI) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1395. Mr. BINGAMAN (for Mr. LAUTEN-BERG) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1396. Mr. DOMENICI proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1397. Mr. DOMENICI (for himself and Ms. MURKOWSKI) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1398. Mr. DOMENICI proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1399. Mr. DOMENICI proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1400. Mr. DOMENICI proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1401. Mr. BINGAMAN (for Ms. LANDRIEU) proposed an amendment to the

LANDRIEU) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, supra.

SA 1402. Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself and

Mr. BROWNBACK) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 1387. Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Mr. Leahy) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, to enhance the energy security of the United States, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 105, strike lines 6 through 19, and insert the following:

"(C) for property described in subsection (d)(6)—

"(i) \$150 for each electric heat pump water heater,

''(ii) \$250 for each electric heat pump,

"(iii) \$125 for each advanced natural gas, oil, propage furnace, or hot water boiler,

''(iv) \$250 for each central air conditioner,
'(v) \$150 for each advanced natural gas, oil,
or propane water heater,

"(vi) \$50 for each natural gas, oil, or propane water heater,

"(vii) \$250 for each geothermal heat pump, "(viii) \$50 for an advanced main air circulating fan,

"(ix) \$150 for each advanced combination space and water heating system,

"(x) \$50 for each combination space and water heating system."

On page 109, line 19, strike "or propane furnace" and insert "propane furnace, or hot water boiler" after "furnace".

On page 110, line 3, strike lines 1 through 7 and insert:

"(v) an advanced natural gas, oil, or propane water heater which has an energy factor of at least 0.80 in the standard Department of Energy test procedure,

"(vi) a natural gas, oil, or propane water heater which has an energy factor of at least 0.65 and less than .080 in the standard Department of Energy test procedure,

"(vii) a geothermal heat pump which has an average efficiency ratio (EER) of at least 21.

"(viii) an advanced main air circulating fan used in a new natural gas, propane, or oil-fired furnace, including main air circulating fans that use a brushless permanent magnet motor or another type of motor that achieves similar or higher efficiency at half and full speed, as determined by the Secretary,

"(ix) an advanced combination space and water heating system which has a combined energy factor of at least 0.80 and a combined annual fuel utilization efficiency (AFUE) of 78 percent or higher in the standard Department of Energy test procedure, and

"(x) a combination space and water heating system which has a combined energy factor of at least 0.65 and less than .080 and a combined annual fuel utilization efficiency (AFUE) of 78 percent or higher in the standard Department of Energy test procedure."

SA 1388. Mr. BINGAMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, to enhance the energy security of the United States, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 133, strike lines 12 through 16 and insert the following:

"(ii) which has an electrical capacity of no more than 15,000 kilowatts or a mechanical energy capacity of no more than 2,000 horsepower or an equivalent combination of electrical and mechanical energy capacities."

trical and mechanical energy capacities,".
On page 134, line 4, strike "(70 percent" and all that follows through "capacities)" on line

On page 136, strike lines 16 through "section 168." on line 22.

SA 1389. Mr. BINGAMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 14, to enhance the energy security of the United States, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

On page 95, line 17, strike "ending on—" and all that follows through "2007." on line 21 and insert "ending on December 31, 2007.".

SA 1390. Mr. DOMENICI (for Mr. INHOFE) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, to enhance the energy security of the United States, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 52, after line 22, add the following: SEC. 1____. RISK-BASED DATA MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall make grants to the Ground Water Pro-

tection Council to develop risk-based data management systems in State oil and gas agencies to assist States and oil and gas producers with compliance, economic forecasting, permitting, and exploration.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$1,000,000 for each fiscal year.

SA 1391. Mr. BINGAMAN (for Mr. DURBIN (for himself and Ms. COLLINS)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 14, to enhance the energy security of the United States, and for other purposes; as follows:

Page 209, after line 6, insert:

"SEC. 6 . CONSERVE BY BICYCLING PROGRAM.

``(A) Definitions.—In this section:

"(1) The term 'program' means the Conserve by Bicycling Program established by subsection (b).

"(2) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Transportation.

"(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Department of Transportation a program to be known as the 'Conserve by Bicycling Program'.

"(c) Projects.—

"(1) In carrying out the program, the Secretary shall establish not more than 10 pilot projects that are—

···(A) dispersed geographically throughout the United States; and

"(B) designed to conserve energy resources by encouraging the use of bicycles in place of motor vehicles.

 $\lq\lq$ (2) A pilot project described in paragraph (1) shall—

"(A) use education and marketing to convert motor vehicle trips to bicycles trips;

"(B) document project results and energy savings (in estimated units of energy conserved);

"(C) facilitate partnerships among interested parties in at least 2 of the fields of transportation, law enforcement, education, public health, environment, and energy;

"(D) maximize bicycle facility investments;

"(E) demonstrate methods that may be used in other regions of the United States; and

"(F) facilitate the continuation of ongoing programs that are sustained by local resources.

"(3) At least 20 percent of the cost of each pilot project described in paragraph (1) shall be provided from State or local sources.

"(d) ENERGY AND BICYCLING RESEARCH STUDY.—

"(1) Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall enter into a contract with the National Academy of Sciences for, and the National Academy of Sciences shall conduct and submit to Congress, a report on a study on the feasibility of converting motor vehicle trips to bicycle trips.

"(2) The study shall—

"(A) document the results or progress of the pilot projects under subsection (c);

"(B) determine the type of duration of motor vehicle trips that people in the United States may feasibly make by bicycle, taking into consideration factors such as weather, land use and traffic patterns, the carrying capacity of bicycles, and bicycle infrastructure:

"(C) determine any energy savings that would result from the conversion of motor vehicle trips to bicycle trips;

"(D) include a cost-benefit analysis of infrastructure investments; and

"(E) include a description of any factors that would encourage more motor vehicle trips to be replaced with bicycle trips.